

PROBEPRÜFUNG: **LÖSUNGEN**

Part A: Listening Comprehension

1) The following statements are either "true" or "false" or "can't know" (this means that the text you are hearing does not give you this information). Put a cross (x) in the right place.

Statements	true	false	can't know
Gemma Hunt is in her local library.	x		
Dickens died 200 years ago.		x	
The "Dickens detectives" are children who help Gemma with her programme.	x		
Dickens wrote a book called "Gulliver Twist".		x	
Dickens took real names for his stories.	x		
Gemma wrote the song number 101.			x

2) Complete the following sentences with **one word**.

Gemma Hunt presents a programme called "**Together**".

Charles Dickens was a great **author / writer**.

Dickens' **books / stories / novels** are normally set in London.

The children are going to sing **two** verses.

Part B: Grammar and Vocabulary

1) Ask questions for what is underlined:

They watched a film. => **What did they watch?**

It costs five dollars. => **How much did it cost? / How much was it?**

Frank works for Procter & Gamble. => **Who works for Procter & Gamble?**

I saw Marianne at the station. => **Who did you see at the station?**

2) Complete the text with articles "a", "an", "the" or nothing (put X!):

I'd like to ask **the** students in **the** back row not to sit on **the / their** tables.

If you like **X / the** French, you can go to **X** France next year.

His favourite subject is **X** History, but he didn't do well in **the** History test last week.

China has **the** biggest population in **the** world.

My father is **a** bus driver, and he plays **the** guitar.

3) Put "some" or "any" (or "something", "anything", "someone", "somewhere", etc.) into the gaps:

There wasn't **any** orange juice in the fridge, so I drank **some** Coke.

Cindy can't do **anything** about her bad English marks.

Are there **any** French students in your class?

The pub must be **somewhere** round the corner.

4) Make a correct and logical sentence from the following words. Positive sentences, negative sentences and questions are possible. Use all the words, but only once!

doesn't at why the like Fred disco hotel the =>

Why doesn't Fred like the disco at the hotel?

want I if you you a can window give seat =>

If you want, I can give you a window seat. / I can give you a window seat if you want.

5) Put correct prepositions into the gaps:

She left early in the morning. My father is coming at 3 o'clock. He doesn't work on Saturdays. But he's going to a pub with his old school friends tonight.

6) Translate into English:

Im Badezimmer hat es überall Spiegel.

In the bathroom there are mirrors everywhere. / Everywhere in the bathroom there are mirrors.

Bist du schon einmal in der Schweiz gewesen?

Have you ever been to Switzerland.

Wie war das Hotel?

What was the hotel like? / How was the hotel?

7) Put the verbs into correct forms (present simple, present continuous, past simple, present perfect, future form).
If there is no verb, find one!

Every year my father goes / went / travels / traveled to New York on business.

That was typical of me: I came (come), I saw (see) the problem, I acted (act)!

Before I left, I spoke / had spoken (speak) to the bus driver.

You cannot talk to her now, she is having (have) a bath.

8) Give the correct word of the same word family:

We had a big discussion about the war in Afghanistan.

Put your signature and the date here on the contract!

You have to be there half an hour before departure time.

discuss

sign

depart

9) Put **one word** in to make a correct and possible English sentence:

He took / takes / has / had / will take hundreds of pictures.

There was a lot of snow and St. Moritz looked wonderful.

You can often hear / play loud reggae music.

You have to check in before your plane leaves.

Part C: Reading Comprehension

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The Olympic Games are an important international event with summer and winter sports. The Games are held every four years, with Summer and Winter Olympic Games taking turns. Originally, the ancient Olympic Games were held in Olympia, Greece, from the 8th century BC to the 5th century AD. The first modern Olympics happened in 1896 in Athens, Greece. Athletes choose to go to the Olympics to represent the place they are from.

Over time the Olympics have become bigger. The Winter Games were created for ice and snow sports. The Paralympic Games were created for athletes with physical disabilities. Also, the Olympics became bigger with the addition of the Youth Olympic Games for teenage athletes. Because of World War I and World War II there were no Games in 1916, 1940, and 1944. The IOC decides what sports are in the games.

The Games have many rituals and symbols, such as the Olympic flag and fire, as well as the opening and closing ceremonies. The first, second, and third place finishers in each event receive gold, silver, and bronze medals.

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1) The following statements about the text are either "true" or "false" or "can't know" (this means that the text you are reading does not give you this information). Put a cross (x) in the right place.

Statements	true	false	can't know
The modern Olympic Games are more than a hundred years old.	x		
The fourth place finishers do not receive medals.	x		
The first Winter Olympics were held in 1896.		x	
The Olympic flag has five coloured rings.			x
The Olympic fire is one of the symbols of the Games.	x		
The Olympic Games got bigger only because of the Youth Olympic Games.		x	

2) Answer the following questions **in complete sentences**:

How can a sport like rugby become an Olympic sport?

The IOC decides which sports are added.

How long were the ancient Olympic Games held for?

They were held for about 1300 years.